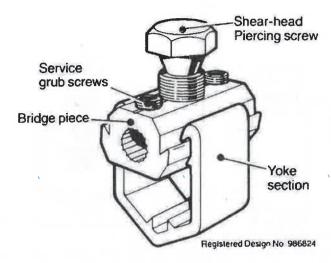
Insulation-piercing service branch connectors

MECHANICAL CONNECTORS

PCS1 Connector



Principle Application

Services from solid sector aluminium mains conductors.

Range

Connector Reference (Part Number)	Core c.s.a (mm²)				
	Mains		Service		
	min.	max.	max.*		
PCS1/1 (51807-36)	50	95	35		
PCS1/2 (2466-244)	120	185	35		
PCS1/3 (51807-76)	240	300	35		
PC\$1/3N\$ (2466-245)	240	300	35		

PCS1/3NS is supplied without an insulation shroud.

NOTE: For small section conductors see technical data overleaf

The Sicame range of insulation-piercing service connectors has been specifically designed for live jointing, and offers an improved level of safety together with a convenient and reliable method of connecting most service cables in common use to three or four core solid aluminium mains cables. The connector is suitable for either single or double service configurations.

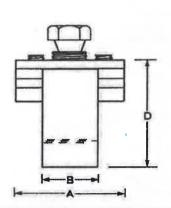
Each connector is supplied with an insulation patch and brass gauze as standard, in a sealed pack together with fitting instructions. Further details of fitting procedures are included with the technical data overleaf.

Insulation-piercing service branch connectors

MECHANICAL CONNECTORS

PCS1 Connector

Physical Dimensions





Ref. Code (Part Number)	Dimensions (mm)					
	Α	В	С	D	Е	
PCS1/1 (51807-36)	45	20.0	26.2	37.7	13.0	
PCS1/2 (2466-244)	45.0	20.0	33.2	43.6	17.0	
PCS1/3 (51807-76)	45.0	30.0	40.2	48.1	17.0	
PC\$1/3N\$ (2466-245)	45.0	30.0	40.2	48.1	17.0	

Material:

Body: Aluminium Alloy Screw: Aluminium Alloy

Test Specifications:

Compliant to Engineering Recommendation C79:1972.

Fitting Instructions

- Separate the cores sufficiently to allow the yoke section to be fitted around the conductor, and loosely assemble the components in the required position, ensuring that the bridge piece is centrally located in the yoke. Cut each service cable to length and strip back 15 mm of insulation from each conductor. (NOTE: Excessive stripping may introduce the risk of fouling the central piercing screw). Thoroughly abrade each service conductor, insert into the bridge piece up to the insulation, and tighten the grub screws using a 4mm A/F hexagonal drive to a recommended torque of 4.5Nm to 5.0Nm.
- The connection is then completed by tightening the central piercing screw until the head shears. This 2. method ensures that the assembly, including the service conductors, does not become live until this final operation is completed.
- 3. Stranded conductors below 16 mm2 should be doubled and redoubled and, if copper conductors are to be jointed, they must be wrapped in brass gauze. This not only improves the electrical stablity of the interface connection, but also helps to contain the strands to prevent splaying.